## HELICOPTER ROUTES IN THE LONDON CTR & THE LONDON CITY CTR 1:50,000

## REFERENCE TO AIR INFORMATION

AERODROMES Field limits with runway pattern	CAUTION
-	Only controlled airspace with its base AT OR BELOW 3500 ft AMSL is shown on chart.
HeliportH	Annotation of vertical limits for controlled airspace which have an upper limi
Hospital Helicopter Landing Site	of FL195 are shown with a plus (+) after their base level/altitude, eg 3000'-FL195 is shown as 3000' +. Where the upper limit is below FL195 both base and uppe
	limits are shown.
(2.5	D LONDON CTR D SFC-2500' ALT
Hang/Paragliding Winch Launch Site	A LONDON TMA A 2500' ALT +
Name, adjacent to pattern or symbol BIGGIN HILL	A
Elevation, adjacent to pattern or symbol (AMSL)	Transponder Mandatory Zone (TMZ)
Aerodrome Light Beacon	Airspace where aircraft are required to carry and operate secondary
	surveillance radar equipment
( G )	Aerodrome Traffic Zone (ATZ) circle 2.0NM or 2.5NM radius
Glider Winch Launch Site	and Local Flying Area within the London CTR. (For conditions, see UK AIP: ENR, AD 2-EGLL/EGTF/EGLM/
OTHER SPORTING & RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES - showing Maximum Altitude AMSL. Activity is indicated by designator:  K1/3.1 (SR)	EGLD 2.22, AD3-EGLW 3.21). For chart clarity the ATZs for London/Heathrow and
K = Kite Flying, M = Model Aircraft Flying, R = Rocket Launch	London/City are not shown
Sites. See UK AIP ENR 5.5.	
RADIO NAVIGATION AIDS  VHF Omnidirectional Radio RangeVOR ⊙	
VAF Offinial rectional Radio RangeVOR	SFC-1500' ALT
£'\ \ '\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
[ 6 ]	Danger Area (D) or Restricted Area (R) or Small Arms Range
Ę, , ž	Areas are shown with their identification number/effective altitude (in thousands of feet AMSL). For periods of activity see the UK AIP ENR 5.1
VOR Compass Rose, Oriented on Magnetic North	or CHART OF UNITED KINGDOM AIRSPACE RESTRICTIONS AND
Distance Measuring Equipment	HAZARDOUS AREAS (ENR 6-75).  Areas which may be active up to levels below the indicated Upper Limit are
(Prefix 'T' indicates DME associated and freq paired with ILS or associated with NDB/NDB(L) procedure.	depicted by 1.
Co-located, freq paired VOR/DME	Route from BEDFONT to SIPSON & vice versa, as directed by ATC
Non-Directional Radio BeaconNDB and NDB(L)	Helicopter Routes
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Helicopter Routes not available to
AIR NAVIGATION OBSTACLES	single-engined Helicopters at night
Power Transmission Line (80'-200' AGL)	Compulsory Reporting Point
Power Transmission Line (over 200' AGL)	On request Reporting Point
Exceptionally High Obstacle (Lighted) 1015 1000 ft or more AGL	Reporting Points where Holding may be required
∧ ‡ 430 (397)	Route Identifier
\(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(1	Route identifier
∧ 1 (382)	Maximim Route Altitude between VFR SVFR
522 (509)	Max Altitude extent markers [ $?$ ] 1500 1000
512 (499)	Suggested Minimum Route Altitude to achieve
	required obstacle clearance between consecutive reporting points [ / ]
Cable joining Obstacles cables	
Numerals in italics indicate height of top of obstacle Above Mean Sea Level (AMSL).	Special Access Lane, Entry/Exit
Numerals in brackets indicate height of top of obstacle Above Local Ground	Visual Reference Point
Level (AGL).  With a few exceptions, symbols are not normally shown on this chart for	
obstacles less than 100M (328ft) AGL. WARNING: INFORMATION IS TAKEN FROM BEST AVAILABLE SOURCES BUT IS	
NOT GUARANTEED COMPLETE.	
Instrument Approach Procedure (IAP) Aerodrome having one or more IAPs outside	
Controlled Airspace. The symbols are aligned to	
the MAIN Instrument Runway (civil)	
Runway Extended Centrelines	NATS
For current status, availability, restrictions and warnings applicable to aerodromes shown on chart, consult Air Information Publications and aerodrome	Civil Aviation
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